

THE EDDY CURRENT.

Pecos Valley to the Front, Croakers to the Rear.

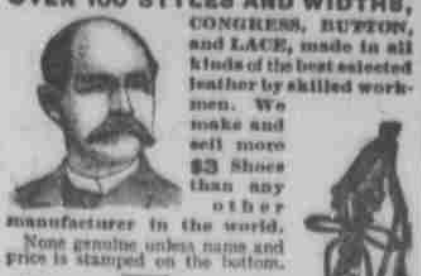
VOL. IV.

EDDY, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1896.

NO. 16.

Man's Heritage is Pain.
ANTIDOTE
ST. JACOBS
OIL

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3. SHOE
\$3.



ASK YOUR DEALER FOR
\$3. SHOE
\$3.

EXCITEMENT.

Rev. Frederick, of Guilford Mission, St. Louis, writes to Veno Certifying That Wm. Hess, of 813 Chouteau Avenue, Had Been Crippled for Three Years from Rheumatism.

Three Bottles of Veno's Electric Fluid Were Rubbed Into Mr. Hess' Limbs and in 30 Minutes He Stamped His Feet, Leaped for Joy and Walked Home, Leaving His Cane.

(St. Louis Chronicle.)



Wm. Hess, of 813 Chouteau ave., St. Louis, was crippled yesterday, today he walks without his cane and as well as ever. Yesterday he had rubbed into his limbs three bottles of Veno's Electric Fluid before a large audience. He was taken to Veno's headquarters in the city, but in thirty minutes after Veno's Electric Fluid had been rubbed into his limbs Mr. Hess jumped, stamped his feet and declared himself free from pain. The excitement was at its height when he started home leaving his cane with Veno. The great audience cheered itself hoarse. These cures are not performed by magnetism. Veno has no faith in such nonsense. It is the extraordinary power of Veno's Electric Fluid and Veno's Curative Syrup. The opinion of the St. Louis Chronicle, one of those representatives witnessed several of the remarkable cures performed by Veno's Electric Fluid.

VENO'S CURATIVE SYRUP (50 cents a bottle) is a positive cure for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, sprains, contusions, liver, kidney and blood diseases, sleeplessness and poor appetite, and when used with

VENO'S ELECTRIC FLUID (50 cents a bottle) will cure the worst and most desperate forms of rheumatism, paralysis, spinal troubles, sciatica, neuralgia, stiff joints, weak muscles, etc. Guaranteed to cure permanently. If your druggist has not got these medicines, ask him to get them for you, or write to the Veno Drug Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

PLANTING

well begun is half done. Begin well by getting Perry's Seed.

Don't let chance determine your crop, but plant Perry's Seed. Known and sold everywhere.

Before you plant, get Perry's Seed Annual.

For 1896. Contains more practical information for farmers and gardeners than any high-priced text book. Mailed free. D. S. PERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

It cures itching humors, keeps the scalp cool, and prevents dandruff. It is the best hair dressing for men and women.

Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for Literature, Circulars, or How to Get Patents. TAYLOR & TAYLOR, WASHINGTON, D.C.

OPIUM

For treating and locating Gold or Silver. See list of mines for sale. D. S. PERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

RODS

For treating and locating Gold or Silver. See list of mines for sale. D. S. PERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

WNU DALLAS.

When Answering Advertisements Mention This Paper.

CUBA'S ANNIVERSARY.

ONE YEAR OF THE REVOLUTION HAS PASSED.

The Cuban Revolutionary Clubs of New York Celebrate the Anniversary of the First Year of the Patriotic Struggle for Independence and Freedom.

New York, Feb. 25.—Cuban revolutionary clubs last night celebrated their first anniversary. One year ago patriotic Cubans took up arms against Spain. The Revolutionary club of this city held a grand mass meeting at Chickering hall and the place was crowded to its utmost capacity.

Many of those in attendance were ladies. They were dressed in deep mourning, indicating that relatives or friends had given up their lives to the cause of Cuban independence.

Over the speaker's stand floated the new Cuban flag, or new colors adopted by the revolutionists, red, white and blue with a red diamond at the staff end, in the center of which is a white star. At the rear of the stage were the names of the dead heroes who have given up their lives for the liberation of Cuba within the last year with the picture of Gen. Marti in the center.

The speakers who occupied seats on the platform were Juan Fraga, chairman of the meeting; Enrique Jose Varona, Enrique Jose Trujillo, Dr. Eusebio Hernandez and Dr. Joaquin Costello, special commissioner from Cuba.

All except one of the speeches were in the Spanish language and the applause was frequent and long when Gen. Weyler was scored.

The first speaker was Senor Varona, who said: "The movement began on the 24th of February, 1895, is a great revolution because it springs from the depth of Cuban society and because it began by being economical, rather than political. Spain has carried to such an extreme her system of plunder that for the colony the severing of the shackles that bind her to the mother country is a question of life or death.

"The consequence is that the revolution must be prosecuted in a spirit entirely revolutionary—that is to say—and Spanish. The economic regime imposed upon Cuba by Spain was based upon monopoly. The regime which Cuba must adopt for herself has been based on liberty in order that the current of mercantile transactions should flow through their natural channels to their natural markets. The political regime to which Spain has subjected Cuba is purely personal and military. The regime which Cuba seeks is thoroughly popular and democratic. Irresponsibility is the attribute of Spanish functionaries. Absolute responsibility should be the attribute of the servants of the Cuban people.

"Cuba has armed her sons, not to make soldiers of them, but that they should win the title of free citizens. This war in Cuba is and should be only an accident. Through her terrible sacrifices Cuba seeks a state of independence. But Spain had done and will continue to do her utmost to keep her in subjection and rob the spirit of her patriots. This was the meaning of her sending out the Tyrant Weyler to take command of her army. It is a declaration that Spain is resolved to prosecute the war to the bitter end. To this barbarous resolve Cuba will oppose her strong and stern determination to achieve her victory at whatever cost. And if everything should go against her she is ready to sacrifice her last son and leave the enemy in possession of nothing but ruins."

Senor Villegas, a lawyer from Havana, in a brief speech depicted with great force the privations of the Cuban army on the field and declared that money alone was wanted to make the war for liberty a glorious success.

After his speech a collection was taken up and a large amount of money was given, six good sized baskets being soon filled with American greenbacks. President Palma, although present, on account of a slight illness, was unable to speak.

No Money for Sectarian Schools.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The house yesterday in committee of the whole after a very interesting debate by a vote of 93 to 64 decided that none of the appropriations in the Indian appropriation bill for Indian schools should go to the sectarian schools. The only sectarian school for which money now goes are Roman Catholic in denomination and the fight was led by Mr. Linton (rep.) of Michigan, who is the most pronounced and openly avowed A. P. A. member on the floor.

In last year's bill the appropriation was cut down 20 per cent with the understanding that it should be reduced 20 per cent, but Mr. Linton moved an amendment to the effect that no portion of this should go to sectarian schools. In his speech in support of it he attributed the defeat of many members two years ago to the refusal to abolish sectarian schools and predicted disaster to those who still stood out against their abolition.

That famous writer and gentleman "Bill" Nye is dead.

Salvation Army Row.

New York, Feb. 25.—Notice was posted at Salvation Army headquarters yesterday in the form of a cablegram from London as follows:

"Field Commander Eva Booth has been placed in charge of affairs in America and all officers of the army must report to her for the present."

The notice posted Sunday that Commander Booth-Tucker and his wife were appointed to succeed Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth disappeared from the bulletin board during the night.

London, Feb. 25.—Bramwell Booth said yesterday: "I do not believe the attempt of Ballington Booth to destroy Gen. Booth's influence and divide the Salvation Army in the United States will seriously disturb many of our people. At the time of his withdrawal Ballington Booth was listed for the command of another large territory. Eva Booth will remain in command of the United States until Gen. Booth's return."

New York, Feb. 25.—Commander Ballington and Mrs. Booth left the national headquarters of the Salvation Army in Fourteenth street at 7 o'clock last night for good. Mr. Booth said they would consult leading citizens to learn how best the interests of the American people may be served in the matter of disposing of some of the army's property of which he is acting trustee.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth said they were going to a friend's house to take a much-needed rest.

It is thought by several members of the army who were willing to express an opinion that Ballington Booth and Mrs. Booth will soon be at work with many of the present army officers and privates in organizing a new army with the help of prominent Christian workers of this city.

A prominent staff officer said last night that Commander Ballington Booth had felt along during the nine years of his residence here that the strict military rules of his father, the general, would not work successfully in the United States and he had been successful because he had made the people love. The same authority said that \$5000 a year had been contributed by the United States to assist the English branch.

White's Resolution.

Washington, Feb. 25.—Yesterday Senator White (Dem.) of California offered a substitute for the pending resolution regarding Cuban independence:

Resolved, that the senate contemplate with solicitude and profound regret the sufferings and destitution accompanying the civil conflict now in progress in Cuba. While the United States has not interfered, and will not unless its vital interests demand interference with existing colonies of any European government on this hemisphere, nevertheless our people have never disguised and do not now conceal their sympathy for all those who struggle patriotically as do the Cubans now in revolt to exercise, maintain and preserve the right of self-government. Nor can we ignore our exceptional and grave proximity and our consequent grave interest in all questions affecting the control or well being of that island. We ardently hope that the executive department, to whose investigation and care our diplomatic relations have been committed, will at an early date and the facts to be such as to warrant the recognition of the belligerency of those who are maintaining themselves in Cuba in armed opposition to Spain, and that the influence and offices of the United States may be prudently, peacefully and effectively exerted to the end that Cuba may be enabled to establish a permanent government of her own choice.

A Significant Vote.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The public interest in the Cuban question was shown yesterday by the crowds which came to the senate galleries in anticipation of a continuance of a Cuban debate. The diplomatic galleries showed the largest representation since the session opened, the ministers of Chili, Brazil, Hawaii and several other countries being present.

Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, occupied almost the entire day in a narrative and historical speech. He spoke for three hours and had not concluded when the senate adjourned.

A significant vote on the resolution for an investigation of recent bond issues was taken during the day. Mr. Lodge's resolution for an investigation came up and Mr. Peffer offered an amendment for a special committee and a more comprehensive inquiry. Mr. Lodge sought to have the amendment laid on the table, but his motion in this effect was defeated—yeas 16, nays 24.

Final action was not secured, as Mr. Hill carried the debate beyond 2 o'clock.

The bill pensioning the widow of Secretary Gresham at \$100 monthly was passed.

President Cleveland has gone hunting again.

Ex-Gov. Rollin of Massachusetts is dead.

A ROW IN THE CAMP.

QUITE A FLURRY IN THE SALVATION ARMY.

Ballington Booth is ordered to England and Refuses to Go, is Dismissed for Insubordination, and He and His Wife Have Disappeared.

New York, Feb. 22.—Ballington Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in America, has disappeared with his wife. Their home in Montclair, N. J., is closed. They have not been at the army headquarters in this city since Thursday. Herbert Booth, on the steamship Teutonic Wednesday night Eva Booth, a sister, arrived from England. Herbert Booth was hastily summoned to New York by Col. Nicol, a staff officer of the army, who came here ostensibly on a mission to investigate the sentiment of rebellion in this country against the transfer of Commander Booth to another field. He arrived on Thursday and on that day a court of inquiry was held by the three with Ballington Booth before them. Proceedings became heated. There were charges and incriminations. Ballington Booth was ordered to proceed at once to England.

"I will not go," he said. "This is insubordination," replied Herbert. "You know what that means in the army." "Yes, I know." "It means dismissal," replied the commander. "Then I will accept it," replied the commander. In the heat of the argument that followed the commander complained bitterly of the injustice of his father for removing him from the field where he had labored so long and where he wished to finish his life. He made use of terms of insubordination and criticized the general severely. "This means a trial by court-martial," cried Herbert Booth, springing to his feet.

"You have spoken disrespectfully of your father and your general. I prefer charges of insubordination against you. I move that the court proceed to try you for the words."

Col. Nicol supported Herbert Booth and made known his full authority. "I have authority to dismiss you from office," he said, "and to appoint your successor. I now demand of you all property of the army that stands in your name. You are dismissed from office."

Then Ballington Booth rose to his feet and said:

"Let it never be said that I will never stand it." After receiving notice of dismissal he and his wife, aided by a few friends, spent the evening packing up their personal belongings. The keys were turned over soon afterward.

Excitement in the House.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The house, in committee of the whole again yesterday, refused some of the Republican leaders in the matter of reducing the salaries of Indian inspectors from \$2,000 to \$2,500, the latter being the salary in the law for the current year. An appeal was made to the house in behalf of economy and retrenchment and was defeated.

Yesterday they renewed the struggle. Their defeat was emphasized by the fact that a parliamentary wrangle of over two hours was required to demonstrate that their amendment was in order, and that having won the first half of their victory in the decision of the chair, the house, by a vote of 67 to 78, refused to adopt the amendment. In pursuance of their policy of retrenchment, however, Mr. Cannon raised a point of order against two provisions, which went out of the bill. The progress yesterday was very slow, only two of the sixty-one pages of the Indian bill being disposed of.

While Mr. Talbot, of South Carolina, and Mr. Bowers, of California, two rather hot-headed gentlemen, were hammering away at each other during the debate with much loudness of voice and a whirlwind of pectuscular some ardent sportsman called out: "Go it, Fitzsimmons."

Among the laughter that followed some one called "time" and the incident closed.

The house adjourned over Saturday, except for a night session devoted to private pension bills.

The evening session of the house was devoted exclusively to the private pension calendar. Five bills were passed and nine were reported to the house by the committee of the whole with a favorable recommendation.

The house has passed the army appropriation bill. It carries \$73,295,000.

Huntington as 'the Stand.'

Washington, Feb. 22.—The senate committee on Pacific railroads was in session yesterday with Mr. Huntington still on the stand and Senator Morgan again acting as interrogator-in-chief. The inquiry was continued on the lines of the report made by the Patton committee.

Mr. Huntington asserted that many of the statements made in the report were the result of mere street talk in San Francisco. He was asked if it was true as was stated in the late Senator Stanford's testimony before that commission that Huntington, Stanford, Hopkins and Croker had each received \$13,000,000 in stock after the completion of the Central Pacific, and replied that this statement did not accord with his recollection. The four had received \$15,000,000 in stock in the aggregate, and it had been divided equally.

"Are you," asked Senator Morgan, "indifferent to public opinion?" "I am satisfied," Mr. Huntington replied, "if one man thinks well of me, and that is C. P. Huntington."

The committee adjourned until next Friday to give Mr. Huntington an opportunity to examine the Patton report with the view of making his statement on the points developed in this document.

Senator Morgan remarked that he wanted to give Mr. Huntington an opportunity to answer the aspersions cast upon him, but Mr. Huntington replied that it would take 100 years to reply to all that his enemies had said of him.

Killed His Father.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 22.—E. R. Campbell, ex-clerk of the United States district court, was shot and killed by his son, Robert Campbell, in this city yesterday. Young Campbell has been regarded as mentally unsound for some time.

Mr. Campbell was walking on North Vine street with his son, E. R. Campbell, Jr., when the latter suddenly drew a revolver and shot his father just over the ear, a bullet entering the brain. Mr. Campbell fell and expired instantly.

Young Campbell was immediately taken into custody and conveyed to the police station. He is 26 years old and had been a patient at a private sanitarium in Michigan and at one in this state in different times. It is thought the killing was due to the belief on the part of young Campbell that his father intended to send him back to an asylum for treatment. Deceased had been clerk of the United States district court for many years and was well known.

She Told on Him.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 22.—John W. Smith, a young farmer of Princeton, is under arrest here on charges of counterfeiting Mrs. Laura Lemon, a sweetheart of Smith's, informed the officers. She claims Smith offered her counterfeit dollars to pass on merchants. She was arrested and placed in jail here. She wrote letters to John and A. Brummell, of Princeton, threatening to expose them as members of the same gang of counterfeiters if they did not secure bonds for her release. They easily secured the bond. Meantime the Federal officers got possession of the letters and other evidence against the Brummells. They have not yet been arrested. A large amount of counterfeit coin was found at Smith's house.

Murdered and Robbed.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Feb. 22.—Charles Sonnell, on whose person were found papers showing him to have been discharged from the United States service by expiration of enlistment at Columbus Barracks, O., on Feb. 6, 1896, and who was paid \$170 by a United States paymaster in Chicago on Feb. 8, 1896, was found dead on the river bank near this place. Everything points to a murder, a jagged wound in the right temple showing how he met his death. A revolver was found tied to a handkerchief to his right hand and one chamber empty. His money, coat and vest were gone. The police have some clues on which they are working. Sonnell was last seen in Louisville with almost \$200.

Federal Salaries.

Washington, Feb. 22.—In the judiciary committee of the house yesterday the question of the salaries of the marshals' office and the District Attorneys of the Federal courts came up again. The proposition of Friday was reversed as far as the courts in Texas are concerned, and the marshal and District Attorney of the Eastern district are each to receive \$5,000. This is also applied to the court office at Fort Smith. The marshals and District Attorneys of the other districts in Texas are to get, under the present plan \$3,500 each and their traveling expenses and board while away from home.

Baby Scolded to Death.

Pana, Ill., Feb. 22.—The 2-year-old child of Al. C. Clutter, of Wiley, while endeavoring to peer into a tub of boiling water, upset the tub, spilling the boiling water all over itself. The little one died in an hour.

What a Pet Eagle Did.

A pet eagle recently picked up the 2-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Morrison of Gainesville, Fla., and carried him 70 feet in the air before the mother's eyes. The young eaglet, which were in the eagle's nest near the house, began to scream and the mother bird turned and slowly descended. When 40 feet from the ground she dropped the boy in a cedar bush, and he was not seriously injured.

Malaria on the Mississippi Bottoms.

From the Banner-Democrat, Lake Providence, La.

The swamp lands along the banks of the Mississippi river in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana are generally considered very unhealthy in contrast with the hilly country adjoining them. It is here the germs of malaria are formed, and from which originate those terrible malarial chills and fevers which the people of the low country dread. In addition to these are intermittent and remittent fevers, dyspepsia, indigestion and rheumatism, all caused from malarial germs and the dampness of the atmosphere.

Medical science has been put to its utmost capacity to devise some mode of treatment by which these physical ailments can be moderated, if not eradicated, but so far it has failed. Nor does it seem that there can be found any cure for these symptoms. Such has been the general opinion until recently, when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills found their way here, and came to stay. Today those who have used them say they would not do without them for all the medicines in the drug stores.

Mr. Dan O'Sullivan, Sr., is a prominent citizen of this city, Lake Providence, La., and has been identified with its interests for years. At present he occupies an important position on the City Council and is also secretary of that body. He was once a strong, robust, healthy man, full of vigor and always on the go. Within the last year, however, his health has been very bad, his appetite poor, his digestion poor, in fact, his entire system was completely out of order. He began to use various medicines, but to no purpose. At length he decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

In a few days the change for the better could be noticed. He continued to improve so fast, that the proprietor of the Lake Providence Banner-Democrat interviewed him and asked him what he had been taking to put him in such good shape again. His reply was in substance as follows: "My liver was all out of order, my digestion was very bad, I felt sluggish and did not want to do a thing but lay around the house. My blood began to get thin, and I felt sick all over. I concluded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as I had heard so much about them. After taking them a few days I could feel that they were doing me a great deal of good. I continued the use of them, and in a week or so I felt like a new man. They toned up my stomach, put my blood in good condition, gave me a good color, a good appetite, in fact, put me in a first-class shape again. My friends congratulated my return of health, and I smiled when I told them that Pink Pills did the work."

Mr. D. H. Parker, who was raised in the city of Lake Providence, but who now resides in Greenville, Mississippi, also uses Pink Pills. Her husband, Mr. D. H. Parker, a popular traveling salesman of the Drummond Tobacco Company, of St. Louis, says that five years his wife had been suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion, that she had to be very careful what she ate, and would frequently have severe spells from being a little indisposed in her diet. She sent for some Pink Pills, took them and is now well and strong, and can eat any and every thing without being affected in the slightest manner. She is loud in her praises of Dr. Williams' great remedy. She has suffered from rheumatism, and that too, has left her.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Certainly He Will.

Felix Moral, a German, has got a concession from the state of Persia to build a railroad from Bagdad to Teheran, the concession to last seventy-five years. He has the right to make his own rates, and use either steam or electricity, as he pleases. They say that he is going to make big money out of it.

A Severe Law.

The English law imposes a fine of £10, or 12 months at hard labor, for sending an indecent print, book, card or other indecent article through the mail.

Sifted from the Blood.

By the kidneys, impurities pass off harmlessly. The inactivity of the organs named not only causes their impurities to remain in the system, but also leads to the degeneration and destruction of the organs themselves. Frequent "bright" diseases, diabetes, dropsy, gravel, and other ailments which affect the kidneys and bladder with uric acid material, dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism and other ailments.

Success does not mean happiness.

It means an unusual number of enemies.

THE WORLD'S EARLIEST POTATO.

That's Salzer's Earliest, fit for use in 28 days. Salzer's new late tomato, Champion of the World, is pronounced the heaviest yielder in the world, and we challenge you to produce its equal 10 acres to Salzer's Earliest Potatoes yield 4000 bushels, sold in June at \$1.00 a bushel—\$4000. That pays a work to the wise, etc.

Now if you will cut this out and send it with 10c postage you will get, free, 100 packages grains and grasses, including "Foodie," Lathyrus, Sand Vetch, Alfalfa, Clover, etc., and our mammoth seed catalogue, w. s. Box every married man hates cupid, if he was mistaken.